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# Safety Data Sheet

.1. Product identifier		
Product name	BRIOACTION 3	
.2. Relevant identified uses of the substa	nce or mixture and uses advised against	
Intended use	PROFESSIONAL STAIN REMO	VER FOR LARGE SURFACES
.3. Details of the supplier of the safety da	ta sheet	
Name	Tenax Spa	
Full address	Via I Maggio, 226	
District and Country	37020 Volargne Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6862456	(VR)
e-mail address of the competent person		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	tenax@tenax.it	
Product distribution by	TENAX USA 1408 Center Park Fax 001 704 583 3166 info@ter	Drive, 28217 Charlotte Tel. 001 704 583 1173 naxusa.com
.4. Emergency telephone number		
For urgent inquiries refer to	1-800-5355053 (1-352-323-3500	international)
2. Hazards identification.		

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and/or EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulationn 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Danger Symbols: O-Xi R phrases: 8-41

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

# 2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and subsequent amendments and supplements.





R 8	CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.
R41	RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.
S 2	KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.
S25	AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES.
S26	IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH EYES, RINSE IMMEDIATELY WITH PLENTY OF WATER AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE.
S39	WEAR EYE/FACE PROTECTION.
S46	IF SWALLOWED, SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE IMMEDIATELY AND SHOW THIS CONTAINER OR LABEL.



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# 2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

3. Composition	/information on in	gredients.		
3.1. Substances	s.			
Informatio	on not relevant	t.		
3.2. Mixtures.				
Contains:				
Identificatio	on.	Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
phthalimidc	o-peroxy-caproic A	cid		
CAS.	128275-31-0	10 - 20	O R 7, Xi R41, N R50	Org. Perox CD H242, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400,
EC.	410-850-8			Note T
INDEX.	617-019-00-0			
HEDP				
CAS.	7414-83-7	0 - 2,5	N R51/53	Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC.	231-025-7			
INDEX.	-			

T + = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F + = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

# 4. First aid measures.

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes.

Seek medical advice.

SKIN: Immediately wash with plenty of water. Remove all contaminated clothing. Obtain immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing separately before using them again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Obtain immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: Obtain immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Give nothing by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Follow doctor's orders.

# 5. Firefighting measures.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

The extinction equipment should contain carbon dioxide, foam or chemical powders. For product leaks and spills that have not caught fire, nebulised water can be used to dispel flammable fumes and protect the individuals taking part in stemming the leak.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion.

Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc).

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with ties around arms, legs and waist) work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and dielectric), self-respirator (self-protector).



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## 6. Accidental release measures.

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. If there are no contraindications, spray solid products with water to prevent the formation of dust. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or the leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, see the other sections of this sheet.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, ground water and neighbouring areas.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Use inert absorbent material (sand, vermiculite, diatomeous earth, Kieselguhr, etc.) to soak up leaked product. Collect the majority of the remaining material and deposit it in containers for disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### 7. Handling and storage.

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Do not smoke while handling and use.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, bright flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

## 8.1. Control parameters.

Name	Туре	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	
phthalimido-peroxy-caproic Acid	TLV		3			

### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration or bad air vent. If such operations do not make it possible to keep the concentration of the product below the permitted workplace exposure thresholds a suitable respiratory tract protection must be used. See product label for hazard details during use. Ask your chemical substance suppliers for advice when choosing personal protection equipment. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category I (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in latex, PVC or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves' limit depends on the duration of exposure. EYE PROTECTION

Wear hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166).

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

# RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an B or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 141).

The use of breathing protection equipment, such as masks with organic vapour and dust/mist cartridges, is necessary in the absence of technical measures limiting worker exposure. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear



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self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138). An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and cl	hemical pro	
Appearance		viscous liquid
Colour		white
Odour		odourless
Odour threshold.		Not available.
pH.		3,5
Melting or freezing point.		75 °C.
Boiling point.		Not available.
Distillation range.		Not available.
Flash point.	>	60 °C.
Evaporation Rate		Not available.
Flammability of solids and gases		Not available.
Lower inflammability limit.		Not available.
Upper inflammability limit.		Not available.
Lower explosive limit.		Not available.
Upper explosive limit.		Not available.
Vapour pressure.		Not available.
Vapour density		Not available.
Specific gravity.		1.050 Ka/l
Solubility		insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		Not available.
Ignition temperature.		470 °C.
Decomposition temperature.		Not available.
Viscosity		Not available.
Reactive Properties		Not available.
9.2. Other information.		
VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC) :		0
VOC (volatile carbon) :		0

# 10. Stability and reactivity.

### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular, however the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, vapours potentially dangerous to health may be released.

# 11. Toxicological information.

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

phthalimido-peroxy-caproic Acid	
LD50 (Oral):	> 200
LD50 (Dermal):	> 200

### 00 mg/Kg rat 00 mg/Kg rat

# 12. Ecological information.

No specific data are available for this product. Handle it according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation. Please take all the proper measures to reduce harmful effects on aquifers.

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# 12.1. Toxicity.

phthalimido-peroxy-caproic Acid LC50 (96h): EC50 (48h):

0,4 mg/l Pesci Brachydanio rerio 17,6 mg/l Crostacei, Daphnia magna

- **12.2. Persistence and degradability.** Information not available.
- **12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.** Information not available.
- **12.4. Mobility in soil.** Information not available.
- **12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.** Information not available.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

# 13. Disposal considerations.

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

# 14. Transport information.

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

# 15. Regulatory information.

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

3

Product. Point.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

3

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.



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# 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Organic peroxide, category CD
Serious eye damage, category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity category 2
Heating may cause a fire.
Causes serious eye damage.
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R 7 R 8	MAY CAUSE FIRE. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.
R41	RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.
R50	VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS.
R51/53	TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 8. Handling Chemical Safety
- 9. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 10. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 11. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 12. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product .

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01.